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APPLICATION N	Э.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/811,662		03/19/2001	Thomas W. Baker	Baker 8	9406
27964	759	0 07/15/2004		EXAMINER	
HITT GA P.O. BOX			BOUTAH, ALINA A		
RICHARDSON, TX 75083				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	·			2143	_
				DATE MAILED: 07/15/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/811,662	BAKER, THOMAS W.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Alina N Boutah	2143					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for replý will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 J	une 2001.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration. or election requirement. er.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 June 2001</u> is/are: a		• -					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- · · ·	* *					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:						

Art Unit: 2143

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-6 and 8-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 6,635,088 issued to Hind et al. (hereby referred to as Hind) in view of USPAP 2002/0111924 by Lewis.

Regarding claim 1, Hind teaches a method of processing a received message, the method comprising:

receiving a message to be processed (abstract; figures 3A-3B);

recognizing to what extent the message is capable of being discerned (col. 1, lines 15-34); and

processing the message, to the extent the message can be discerned (col. 1, lines 48-61).

However, Hind does not explicitly teach receiving a message expressed in a non-negotiated language. Lewis teaches receiving a message expressed in a non-XML (in this case interpreted as a non-negotiated language) [0085]. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated receive a non-negotiated language in order to

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maximize the recognizer's and processor's language capabilities, therefore increasing their efficiency.

Regarding claim 3, Hind teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the message comprises: a start tag and an end tag (col. 2, lines 27 and 57).

Regarding claim 4, Hind teaches the method of Claim 3, wherein the message further comprises data encapsulated between said start and end tag (col. 2, lines 56-67).

Regarding claim 5, Hind teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said step of processing the message, comprises executing an instruction associated with the message (col. 2, lines 24-55).

Regarding claim 6, Hind teaches a method of processing received messages, the method comprising:

receiving a message to be processed (abstract; figures 3A-3B);

parsing said messages to determine if said messages are decipherable (col. 1, lines 15-34, line 62 to col. 2, line 23); and

processing those messages determined to be decipherable (col. 1, lines 48-61).

However Hind does not explicitly teach receiving messages in a non-negotiated language. Lewis teaches receiving messages in a non-negotiated language [0085]. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated receive a non-negotiated

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language in order to maximize the recognizer's and processor's language capabilities, therefore increasing their efficiency.

Regarding claim 8, Hind teaches the method of claim 6, wherein the step of processing comprises executing an instruction associated with at least one of said comprehended messages (col. 2, lines 24-55).

Regarding claim 9, Hind teaches the method of Claim 6, wherein the step of processing comprises storing data associated with at least one of said comprehended messages (col. 3, lines 23-48).

Regarding claim 10, Hind teaches the method of claim 6, wherein said comprehended messages are written in a human readable text message (col. 2, lines 23-28).

Regarding claim 11, Hind teaches the method of Claim 8, wherein said executing an instruction comprises displaying information associated with at least one of said deciphered messages (col. 12, lines 14-19).

Regarding claim 12, Hind teaches the method of Claim 6, wherein at least one of the messages comprises a start tag, an end tag and data encapsulated between said tags (col. 2, lines 23-55).

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Regarding claim 13, Hind teaches the method of Claim 6, wherein at least one of the messages is written in an Extensible Markup Language (abstract).

Claims 2, 7 and 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hind in view of Lewis in further view of USPN 6,738,803 issued to Dodrill et al (hereby referred to as Dodrill).

Regarding claim 2, Hind fails to teach the method of claim 1, further comprising the step of: disregarding the message to the extent the message is not capable of being discerned. Dodrill teaches disregarding a message that cannot be discerned (abstract; col. 4 line 62 to col. 5, line 27). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to disregard a message to the extent the message is not capable of being discerned in order to allow only messages that are capable of being discerned to pass through the system, therefore minimizing processing time.

Claim 7 is similar to claim 2, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding claim 14, Hind teaches a system for receiving at least one message expressed in a non-negotiated language, comprising:

a tag recognizer configured to determine to what extent the message can be processed by analyzing tags in the message (col. 1, lines 15-61); and

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a controller configured to process the message based on the determination of the tag recognizer (col. 1, lines 15-34, line 62 to col. 2, line 23).

However, Hind fails to explicitly teach disregarding an unrecognized message. Dodrill teaches disregarding an unrecognized message (abstract; col. 4 line 62 to col. 5, line 27). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to disregard an unrecognized message in order to allow only messages that are capable of being discerned to pass through the system, therefore minimizing processing time

Regarding claim 15, Hind teaches the system of Claim 14, wherein the message is a readable text language (col. 2, lines 23-55).

Regarding claim 16, Hind teaches the system of Claim 14, wherein at least one message includes a start tag and an end tag (col. 2, lines 23-55).

Regarding claim 17, Hind teaches the system of Claim 14, wherein said system is a personal digital assistant (PDA) for receiving the message in a wireless environment whereby no fixed handshaking protocol is used to receive the message (col. 3, lines 8-10).

Regarding claim 18, Hind teaches the system of Claim 17, wherein said PDA displays information to a user to the extent the message is discerned by said parser (col. 3, lines 1-48).

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Regarding claim 19, the system of Claim 14, Hind teaches wherein the message is written in an Extensible Text Markup Language (col. 4, lines 42-64).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- 1. USPN 6,012,098 issued to Bayeh et al.
- 2. USPN 6,557,043 issued to Fletcher.
- 3. USPN 6,721,793 issued to Corless.
- 4. USPAP 2002/0161801 by Hind et al.
- 5. USPAP 2002/0059425 by Belfiore et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alina N Boutah whose telephone number is (703) 305-5104. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday (9:00 am-7:00 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A Wiley can be reached on (703) 308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ANCS

ANB

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